



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL , K. K. ROAD, BENGALURU

Periodic Test -1 (2026-2027)

Subject: English

Grade: VII

Date: 20/ 7/ 2026

No. of Printed Sides : 3

Max marks : 30

Reading Time :10 min

Writing Time : 1 hour

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

This paper contains Three Sections:

Section A – Reading (5 marks)

Section B – Writing & Grammar (12 marks)

Section C – Literature (13 marks)

All questions are compulsory.

SECTION A- READING (5 MARKS)

The Rise of Electric Vehicles

1. Electric vehicles (EVs) are rapidly transforming the way people travel. Unlike conventional vehicles that rely on petrol or diesel engines, EVs are powered by electricity stored in rechargeable batteries.

Although electric vehicles were invented many years ago, recent technological advancements and growing environmental concerns have led to a significant increase in their popularity.

2. One of the primary advantages of electric vehicles is their positive impact on the environment.

Traditional vehicles release harmful gases such as carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides into the atmosphere, contributing to air pollution and climate change. Electric vehicles, on the other hand, produce little or no direct emissions while operating. As a result, they can help improve air quality, especially in densely populated cities where traffic congestion is a major concern.

3. Another benefit of EVs is their efficiency. Electric motors convert a higher percentage of energy into movement compared to internal combustion engines. Moreover, EVs are generally quieter and require less maintenance because they have fewer moving parts. Many owners find that they spend less on fuel and repairs over time.

4. Governments across the world are encouraging the adoption of electric vehicles through incentives such as tax benefits, subsidies, and investments in charging infrastructure. Many countries have also announced ambitious plans to reduce the use of fossil-fuel-powered vehicles in the coming decades. Automobile manufacturers are responding by investing heavily in research and development to produce more affordable and efficient electric cars.

5. Despite their advantages, electric vehicles still face several challenges. Charging stations are not yet widely available in all regions, making long-distance travel difficult in some areas. The time required to recharge batteries can also be longer than the time needed to refuel a conventional vehicle. Additionally, the initial purchase cost of many electric vehicles remains relatively high, although prices are gradually decreasing as technology improves. Experts believe that electric vehicles will play a crucial role in building a sustainable future. As battery technology advances and charging networks expand, EVs are expected to become more accessible and practical for people around the world. Their growing popularity reflects a broader shift towards cleaner and more environmentally responsible modes of transportation.

Answer the following:

- (i) How do electric vehicles help reduce air pollution?
(ii) Mention any two steps taken by governments to promote electric vehicles.
(iii) Why are electric vehicles considered environmentally friendly?
a) They are larger than conventional vehicles.
b) They produce little or no direct emissions.
c) They use more fuel efficiently.
d) They are cheaper to manufacture.
(iv) The word "incentives" in the passage refers to
a) Penalties
b) Rewards or benefits
c) Vehicles
d) Regulations
(v) Find a word from the passage that means "easy to obtain or use."

SECTION B – WRITING & GRAMMAR (12 MARKS)

II. Writing Skills:

(4+4 = 8 Marks)

Important: Attempt both Questions

a) Your friend has invited you to visit a hill station during the holidays. Write a letter accepting the invitation and expressing your excitement about the trip.

b) 'What My Schoolbag would say about Me'

If your school bag could talk, what secrets would it reveal about you? Write a paragraph describing what it would say in about 100-120 words.

III. Grammar : Do As Directed.

(1x4=4 Marks)

(i) Complete the following sentence using the correct form of the verb given in brackets:

The teacher _____ (explain) the lesson when the principal entered the classroom.

(ii) Choose the correct option:

Neither of the boys _____ interested in cricket.

a) are

b) is

c) were

d) have

(iii) Identify the error and provide a suitable correction form the same.

Bhattacharjee is good in Mathematics.

ERROR	CORRECTION

(iv) Transform the given assertive sentence into exclamatory.

The students were very enthusiastic.

SECTION C – LITERATURE (13 MARKS)

IV. Read the extract and answer the questions that follow:

(4M)

*"Steadily, steadily, inch by inch,
Higher and higher he got;
And a bold little run at the very last pinch
Put him into his native cot."*

- (1) Who does the word "he" refer to in the extract?
- (2) How does his journey reflect the importance of perseverance?
- (3) Identify the repetition used in the extract.
- (4) What is the tone of the extract—hopeless, humorous, or inspiring? Give a reason.

V. Answer the following in 50–60 words each. (Attempt any two)

(2×2 = 4)

- a) Why does the writer describe different aspects of nature in great detail at the beginning of the story *The Day the River Spoke*?
- b) How does the spider inspire us to overcome despair and not give up in the poem, *Try Again*?
- c) How might the author's opinion on making the most of our senses guide us to be kinder towards people with special abilities in- *Three Days to See*?

VI. Answer ANY ONE of the following in about 100–120 words:

(5 M)

A. What lesson does Helen Keller teach readers through her description of the three days she wished to see? Support your answer with examples from the text.

OR

B. As Jahnavi, write a diary entry expressing your thoughts and emotions after the river 'spoke' to you. Mention the challenges you faced, the actions you took, and how your bond with the river grew stronger.



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL K.K. ROAD, BENGALURU

Periodic Test-1- 2026-27

Subject: II Language Kannada

Grade: VII

Max Marks: 30

Date: 13/7/2026

Reading Time: 10 Minutes

No of Printed Sides: 4

Writing Time: 1hr

I. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ
ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಸಾಂಪ್ರದಾಯಿಕ ಮತ್ತು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಆಕರ್ಷಕವಾದ ಜಾನಪದ
ಕಲೆ. ಇದು ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಮಲೆ ಮಹದೇಶ್ವರನನ್ನು ಆರಾಧಿಸುವ 'ದೇವರಗುಡ್ಡರು'
ಸಮುದಾಯದವರು ನಡೆಸಿಕೊಡುವ ಧಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ನೃತ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ.
ಮೈಸೂರಿನ ಸುತ್ತಮುತ್ತವಿರುವ ಜನರು ದೀಪಾವಳಿ ಹಬ್ಬ ಮತ್ತು ಜಾತ್ರೆಗಳ
ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಗೂ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನಗಳ ಬಳಿ ೧೦ ರಿಂದ ೧೨ ಜನರಿರುವ ತಂಡಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ
ಹಾಡು ಮತ್ತು ನೃತ್ಯದ ಮೂಲಕ ಎಲ್ಲರ ಮನ ಸೆಳೆಯುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ಎಂದರೆ ಕಂಚಿನ
ತಾಳ ಎಂದರ್ಥ. ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬಿಳಿ ಅಥವಾ ಕೇಸರಿ ಬಣ್ಣದ ಉಡುಪು, ತಲೆಗೆ ಪೇಟೆ,
ಕುತ್ತಿಗೆಗೆ ರುದ್ರಾಕ್ಷಿ ಮಾಲೆ ಧರಿಸಿ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನ ನೀಡುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಮಂಡ್ಯದ ಸುತ್ತಮುತ್ತವಿರುವ
ಜನರು ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ತಟ್ಟುತ್ತಾ ಮಲೆ ಮಹದೇಶ್ವರನ ಬೆಟ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋಗುವುದು ರೂಢಿಯಿಂದ
ಬಂದಿದೆ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಈ ಶ್ರೀಮಂತ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ವದೆಲ್ಲೆಡೆ ಪರಿಚಯಿಸಿದವರು
ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ಮಹದೇವಯ್ಯನವರು. ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ಎಂದರೆ ಮಹದೇವಯ್ಯ, ಮಹದೇವಯ್ಯ
ಎಂದರೆ ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ಎಂದು ಗುರುತಿಸುವ ಮಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕಲೆ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಬದುಕು ಬೆರೆತು
ಹೋಗಿತ್ತು. ಇವರು ಹುಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು ಮೈಸೂರಿನ ಹೊಸಬಂಡಿ ಕೇರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ. ಆದರೆ ನಂತರ
ಇವರು ಕುಟುಂಬದವರು ಹುಟ್ಟಿದೂರು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಮೈಸೂರು ಪಟ್ಟಣ ಸೇರಿದರು. ರೈಲ್ವೆ

ಇಲಾಖೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸ ದೊರಕಿದರೂ, ಅದರ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಸೇರಿದರೆ ಕಂಸಾಳೆಯ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನಕ್ಕೆ ಅಡ್ಡಿಯಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂದು ಸೇರಲೇಯಿಲ್ಲ. ಈ ಗಂಡು ಕಲೆಯ ಕಂಸಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ಮಹಿಳೆಯರಿಗೆ ಕಲಿಸಿದ ಕೀರ್ತಿ ಇವರಿಗೆ ಸಲ್ಲುತ್ತದೆ. ಸಾಯುವ ತನಕ ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ನೃತ್ಯವನ್ನು ಬಿಡಲೇಯಿಲ್ಲ ಅವರ ಬಳಿ ಬಂದವರಿಗಲ್ಲಾ ಕಂಸಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ಕಲಿಸಿದರು. ಹೀಗೆ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಹಲವಾರು ಜನಪ್ರಿಯ ಕಲಾವಿದರ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ತಿಳಿಯುವುದು ನಮ್ಮೆಲ್ಲರ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:-

(1x5=5)

೧. ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ಮಹದೇವಯ್ಯನವರು _____ ಹೊಸಬಂಡಿಕೇರಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಜನಿಸಿದರು.

ಅ) ಬೇಲೂರಿನ ಆ) ಮೈಸೂರಿನ ಇ) ಮದ್ದೂರಿನ ಈ) ಮಂಗಳೂರಿನ

೨. ಮಂಡ್ಯದ ಸುತ್ತಮುತ್ತಲಿರುವ ಜನರು ಕಂಸಾಳೆ ತಟ್ಟುತ್ತಾ ಜನರು _____ ಬೆಟ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋಗುವುದು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ರೂಢಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅ) ನಂದಿ ಆ) ಸಹ್ಯಾದ್ರಿ ಇ) ಮಹದೇಶ್ವರ ಈ) ಚಾಮುಂಡಿ

೩. ಕಂಸಾಳೆಯನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ _____ ಗಾಯಕರು ಬಳಸುತ್ತಾರೆ

ಅ) ಸಿನಿಮಾ ಆ) ಜನಪದ ಇ) ಭಾವಗೀತೆ ಈ) ವಾದ್ಯಗೋಷ್ಠಿ

೪. ಮಹದೇವಯ್ಯನವರು ತಮ್ಮ ಕಂಸಾಳೆಯ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನವನ್ನು ಮುಂದುವರೆಸಲು _____ ಇಲಾಖೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕ ಹುದ್ದೆಯನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟರು.

ಅ) ರೈಲ್ವೆ ಆ) ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕೆ ಇ) ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಈ) ಕಂದಾಯ

೫. ಮಲೆ ಮಹದೇಶ್ವರನನ್ನು ಆರಾಧಿಸುವವರು _____ ಸಮುದಾಯದವರು.

ಅ) ದೇವರ ಗುಡ್ಡರ ಆ) ಬುಡುಬುಡುಕೆ ಇ) ಹಕ್ಕಿಪಿಕ್ಕಿ ಈ) ಜೇನುಕುರುಬ

II. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದ 'ಶಾಲಾ ಚುನಾವಣೆ'ಯ ಕುರಿತು ಗೆಲೆಯ/ಗೆಲೆತಿಗೊಂದು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

(4)

III. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣಾಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. ಬರೆಯಿರಿ. (1x5=5)

೧. 'ಅನ್ಯಾಯ' ಈ ಪದದ ವಿರುದ್ಧಪದ....

ಅ) ಅಧರ್ಮ ಆ) ನ್ಯಾಯ ಇ) ಅನುಭವ ಈ) ಅನುಮತಿ

೨. 'ಹುಡುಗರಿಂದ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ತೃತೀಯ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯಾದರೆ 'ಹುಡುಗರ' ಎಂಬ ಪದವು ಈ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅ) ದ್ವಿತೀಯಾ ಆ) ಪ್ರಥಮಾ ಇ) ಷಷ್ಠೀ ಈ) ಚತುರ್ಥೀ

೩. ಹುಬ್ಬಳ್ಳಿ, ಕಾವೇರಿ, ಗಂಗಾ : ಅಂಕಿತನಾಮ :: ಕುಂಟ, ಕುರುಡ, ಮೂಗ, : _____

ಅ) ಅನ್ವರ್ಥನಾಮ ಆ) ಸರ್ವನಾಮ ಇ) ಭಾವನಾಮ ಈ) ರೂಢನಾಮ

೪. 'ಉತ್ತುಂಗ' ಈ ಪದದ ಸಮಾನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ

ಅ) ತಾಳೆಗರಿ ಆ) ದೇಶ ಇ) ಎತ್ತರವಾದ ಈ) ಅಡವಿ

೫. 'ಬೆಟ್ಟದಾವರೆ' - ಈ ಪದವು ಈ ಸಂಧಿಗೆ ಉದಾಹರಣೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ಅ) ಲೋಪಸಂಧಿ ಆ) ಆದೇಶಸಂಧಿ ಇ) ಆಗಮಸಂಧಿ ಈ) ಸರ್ವಣದೀರ್ಘಸಂಧಿ

IV. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣಾಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸೂಚಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. (1x3=3)

೧. ಪುಟ್ಟ ಮಕ್ಕಳು ಶಾಲೆಗೆ ಸಂತೋಷದಿಂದ ಬಂದರು.

(ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಭವಿಷ್ಯತ್ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಬದಲಿಸಿ)

೨. 'ಇತಿಹಾಸ' - ಈ ಪದವನ್ನು ಸ್ವಂತವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ..

೩. 'ದೇಶ ಸುತ್ತುಕೋಶ ಓದು' - ಈ ಗಾದೆಯ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

V. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. (1x3=3)

೧. ಹರಿದ್ವರ್ಣ ಕಾಡುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ವಿಧದ ಮರಗಳಿವೆ?

೨. ಹುಡುಗನು ನೇಪಾಳ ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ ಏಕೆ ಹೋದನು?

೩. ಶಾಸನಗಳು ಏನನ್ನು ಸಾರುತ್ತವೆ?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, K.K.ROAD, BENGALURU.

Periodic Test - 1, 2026-27

Subject: Hindi (Additional lang.)

GRADE: 7

DATE: 15/07/2026

NO. OF PRINTED SIDE: 3

Max marks : 30

Reading time : 10 mins

Writing time : 1 hr

सामान्य निर्देश :

- सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रमानुसार लिखिए।
- इस प्रश्न पत्र में चार खंड हैं - क, ख, ग और घ।
- सभी खंडों के सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

खंड - क

[I] निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उचित उत्तर चुनकर लिखिए। 1x5=5

सर मोक्षगुंडम विश्वेश्वरैया का जन्म मैसूर के मुद्देनहल्ली नामक स्थान पर 15 सितंबर 1861 को हुआ था। दो वर्ष की आयु से ही उनका परिचय रामायण , महाभारत और पंचतंत्र की कहानियों से हो गया था। ये कहानियाँ हर रात घर की वृद्ध महिलाएँ उन्हें सुनाती थीं। कहानियाँ शिक्षाप्रद व मनोरंजक थीं। इन कहानियों से विश्वेश्वरैया ने ईमानदारी, दया और अनुशासन जैसे मूल मानवीय मूल्यों को आत्मसात किया। विश्वेश्वरैया चिकबल्लापुर के मिडिल व हाईस्कूल में पढ़े। जब उन्हें 'गॉड सेव द किंग' वाला गीत गाने को कहा गया तो उन्हें पता चला कि भारत एक ब्रिटिश उपनिवेश है, अपने मामलों में भी भारतीयों को कुछ कहने का अधिकार न था। भारत की अधिकांश संपत्ति विदेशियों ने हड़प ली थी।

1. विश्वेश्वरैया कहानियाँ कौन सुनाता था ?

(क) घर के वृद्ध पुरुष (ख) घर की वृद्ध महिलाएँ (ग) घर के अन्य बालक (घ) कोई भी नहीं

2. इन कहानियों से विश्वेश्वरैया ने कौन से मूल्यों को आत्मसात किया ?

(क) मानवीय मूल्यों को (ख) अमानवीय मूल्यों (ग) रामायण के मूल्यों को (घ) महाभारत के मूल्यों को

3. विश्वेश्वरैया कौन से शहर के हाईस्कूल में पढ़े थे ?

(क) मुद्देनहल्ली के (ख) मैसूर के (ग) चिकबल्लापुर के (घ) बेंगलुरु के

4. जब विश्वेश्वरैया को 'गॉड सेव द किंग' वाला गीत गाने को कहा गया तो क्या पता चला ?

(क) भारत आज़ाद देश है। (ख) भारत ब्रिटेन में है।

(ग) भारत बहुत अमीर है। (घ) भारत एक ब्रिटिश उपनिवेश है

5. भारत की अधिकांश संपत्ति किसने हड़प ली थी?

(क) चोरों ने (ख) घर की वृद्ध महिलाओं ने (ग) विदेशियों ने (घ) उपर्युक्त सभी

खंड - ख

[II] क. निम्नलिखित शब्दों की संधि कीजिए।

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

1. कृष्ण + अवतार 2. दया + आनंद

ख. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए।

$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

1. अंधकार x 2. अधिक x 3. अर्थ x 4. अनुराग x

ग. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के संधि - विच्छेद कीजिए।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

1. प्रतीक्षालय 2. योगीश्वर

[III] क. निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से उपसर्ग व मूलशब्द अलग कीजिए।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

1. अज्ञान 2. अभिमानी

ख. दिए गए उपसर्ग से शब्द बनाइए।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

1. कु 2. आ

ग. निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से प्रत्यय व मूलशब्द अलग कीजिए।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

1. लड़ाई 2. बहाव

घ. दिए गए प्रत्यय से एक - एक शब्द बनाइए।

$1 \times 2 = 2$

1. अक 2. आवट

खंड - ग

[IV] क. नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में लिखिए।

$1 \times 5 = 5$

1. 'माँ कह एक कहानी' कविता में कौन किसे कहानी सुना रहा है ?
2. बड़े सवेरे उपवन में कौन भ्रमण कर रहे थे ?
3. निर्धन व्यक्ति के कितने बेटे थे ?
4. अचानक बगीचे में क्या आकर गिरा ?
5. पिता की मृत्यु के बाद तीनों भाई कहाँ चल दिए ?

ख. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो - तीन वाक्य में लिखिए।

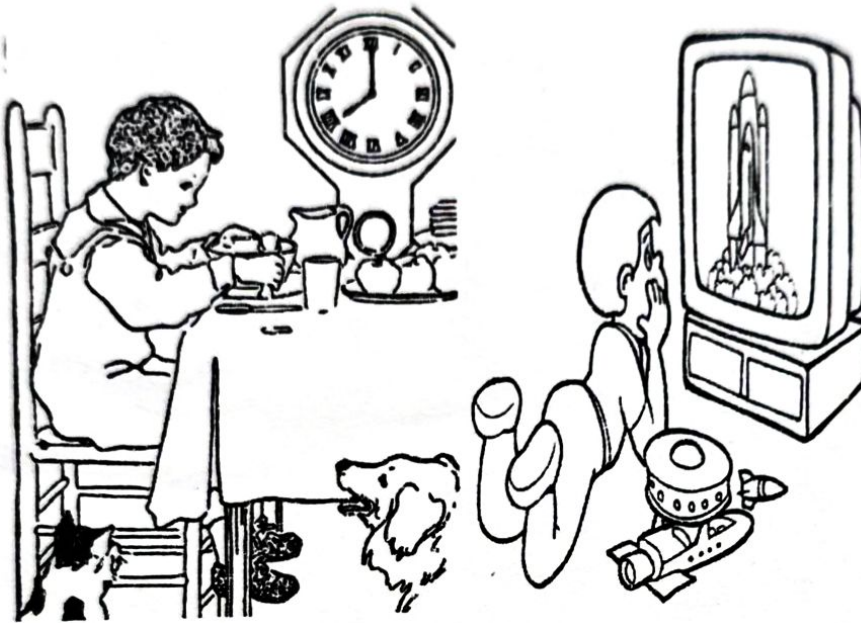
2x2=4

1. कहानी सुनाने के बाद माँ ने राहुल से क्या प्रश्न किया ?
2. घुड़सवार क्या सुनने को तैयार नहीं था ?

खंड - घ

[V] दिए गए चित्र को ध्यानपूर्वक देखकर उसके बारे में पाँच वाक्य लिखिए।

2





SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL , K.K ROAD , BENGALURU

Periodic Test – 1 - 2026 - 2027

SUBJECT: संस्कृतम्

NAME: _____

ROLL NO : _____

GRADE: 7 A/B/C

Max Marks: 30

Date: 15/07/2026

Reading time: 10 Minutes

No. of printed Sides: 0

Writing Time: 1hr

खण्ड: - क

अपठितम् गद्यम्

वृक्षाः अस्माकं मित्राणि सन्ति। ते अस्मभ्यं छायां फलानि पुष्पाणि च यच्छन्ति। वृक्षाः वायुं शुद्धं कुर्वन्ति। ते मेघान् आकर्षन्ति, अतः वृष्टिः भवति। ग्रीष्मकाले वृक्षाणां छायायां शीतलता भवति। पशवः पक्षिणः च वृक्षेषु निवसन्ति। वृक्षाः भूमेः क्षरणं निवारयन्ति। अतः वयं सर्वे वृक्षारोपणं कुर्याम। एकः वृक्षः दशपुत्रसमः भवति इति कथ्यते।

अ. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत ।

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

१. वृक्षाः कान् आकर्षन्ति ? _____

२. वृक्षाः केषां मित्राणि सन्ति ? _____

आ. एकवाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत ।

($1 \times 2 = 2$)

१. वृक्षाः अस्मभ्यं कानि कानि यच्छन्ति ?

२. ग्रीष्मकाले वृक्षाः कथं सहायकाः भवन्ति ?

इ. यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरं लिखत ।

(1x2=2)

१. वृक्षः - अस्य बहुवचनम् _____

२. एकः वृक्षः दशपुत्रसमः भवति - अत्र क्रियापदम् _____

खण्डः - ख

रचनात्मकं कार्यम्

II. अधः दत्तं चित्रं दृष्ट्वा संस्कृतभाषया पञ्चवाक्यानि लिखत ।

(1x4=4)

मञ्जूषा - भवति, मेघाः, सूर्यः, खगौ, क्रीडन्ति, बालकाः, क्रीडकानि, भवनानि, वृक्षः, अस्ति



खण्ड: - ग
अनुप्रयुक्त व्याकरणम्

III. इतरवचनरूपाणि लिखत ।

($\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$)

अ. छात्रया _____

आ. ज्ञानेन _____

इ. शिक्षकेण _____

IV. एतेषां पदानां पर्यायपदानि लिखत ।

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$)

अ. बुद्धिः - _____

आ. रिपुः - _____

इ. वपुः - _____

ई. लोचनम् - _____

V. मञ्जूषायाः सहाय्येन श्लोकपादं पूरयत ।

($1 \times 3 = 3$)

अ. _____ वचने का दरिद्रता ।

आ. _____ बुद्धिज्ञानेन शुद्ध्यति ।

इ. स हेतुः सर्व विद्यानां _____ ।

(विद्या तपोभ्यां भूतात्मा, धर्मस्य च धनस्य च, तस्मात् तदेव वक्तव्यम्)

VI. रेखाङ्कितानि पदानि आश्रित्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुर्वन्तु ।

($1 \times 4 = 4$)

अ. वीराः भारतमातुः सर्वदा सेवां कृतवन्तः । _____

आ. नदी कष्टानि सहमाना प्रवहति । _____

इ. अस्माकं वत्सला भारतमाता । _____

ई. वयं गौरववर्धनार्थं प्रयत्नं कुर्मः । _____

VII. अधः प्रदत्तानां क्रियापदानां त्रिषु पुरुषेषु त्रिषु वचनेषु च लट् लकारस्य रूपाणि लिखन्तु ।
($\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$)

इच्छति		
	इच्छथः	
		इच्छामः

खण्डः - घ

पठितम् गद्यम्

अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृतभाषया लिखत ।

अस्मासु निद्रावयः षड् दोषाः भवन्ति। एते अस्माकम् ऐश्वर्यस्य उन्नतेश्च अवरोधकाः भवन्ति । अतः यदि मानवः स्वजीवने धनिकः, विद्वान् वा भवितुम् इच्छति, ऐश्वर्यं वैभवं च प्राप्तुं वाञ्छति तर्हि सः अतिनिद्रा, तन्द्रा, भीतिः, क्रोधम्, आलस्यं, विलम्बेन कार्यकरणस्य प्रवृत्तिं च एतान् षड् दोषान् परित्यजेत् ।

अ. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत ।

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

१. अस्मासु कति दोषाः भवन्ति ? _____

२. मानवः किं किं प्राप्तुं वाञ्छति ? _____

आ. एकवाक्येन उत्तराणि लिखत ।

($1 \times 2 = 2$)

१. षड् दोषाः के ?

२. षट् दोषाः केषाम् अवरोधकाः भवन्ति ?

इ. यथानिर्देशं लिखत ।

($\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$)

१. विद्वान् भवितुम् इच्छति । अत्र क्रियापदम् - _____

२. दोषाः - अस्य पदस्य एकवचनम् - _____

VIII. श्लोकस्य अन्वयं मञ्जूषायाः साहाय्येन पूरयत ।

($\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$)

अद्भिःर्गात्राणि शुद्ध्यन्ति मनः सत्येन शुद्ध्यति ।

विद्या तपोभ्यां भूतात्मा बुद्धिज्ञानेन शुद्ध्यति ॥

अन्वयः - गात्राणि _____ शुद्ध्यन्ति । _____ सत्येन शुद्ध्यति ।

भूतात्मा _____ शुद्ध्यति । बुद्धिः ज्ञानेन _____ ।

(मञ्जूषा - विद्यातपोभ्याम्, शुद्ध्यति, अद्भिः, मनः)

*****शुभमस्तु*****



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, K.K. ROAD, BENGALURU

Periodic Test-1 (2026-2027)

Subject - MATHEMATICS

Grade: 7

Date: 14/07/26

Number of sides: 2

Max Marks: 30

Reading time: 10min

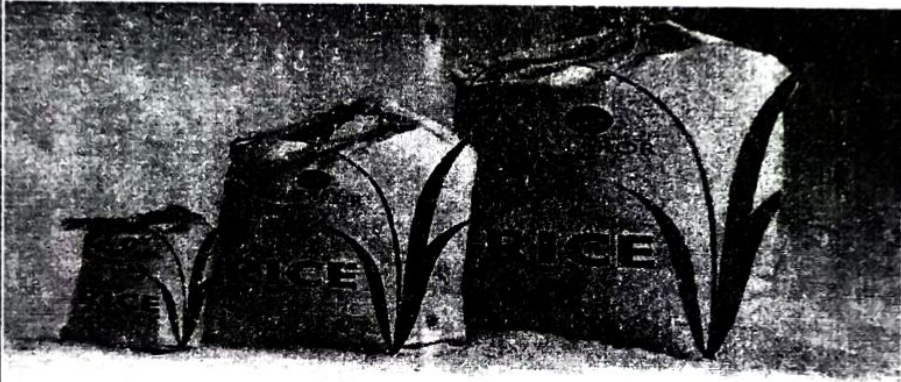
Writing time: 1hour

General instructions

All questions are compulsory.

- Part - A consists of 6 MCQ's carrying 1 mark each
- Part - B consist of 3 short answer questions carrying 2 marks each
- Part - C consist of 3 short answer questions carrying 3 marks each
- Part - D consist of 1 question carrying 5 marks
- Part - E consists of one case study question carrying 1+2+1=4 marks

Sl. No	Part A	Marks
	Choose the correct answer	1×6=6
1.	The distance between Ashok's school and his house is 2km 385m. Everyday, he walks to his school. The total distance covered by him from Monday to Friday is ____. a) 23k 870m b) 23k 850m c) 21k 860m d) 20k 850m	1
2.	The number 'ten crore ten lakh ten thousand one hundred one' in American system becomes ____. a) One hundred one million ten thousand one hundred one. b) Ten million ten thousand one hundred one c) One billion ten million ten thousand one hundred one d) None of these	1
3.	The solution to the expression $14 + (12 - 10)$ a) 16 b) 10 c) -28 d) 25	1
4.	The sum of $15\frac{3}{10}\frac{4}{100}$ and $2\frac{6}{10}\frac{8}{100}$ is ____. a) $\frac{2}{100}$ b) $\frac{32}{100}$ c) $18\frac{2}{10}$ d) $\frac{182}{10}$	1
5.	Make the expression equal on both sides: $22 + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 6 \times 5$ a) 22 b) 8 c) 5 d) 6	1
6.	Assertion (A) – One billion is greater than one crore. Reason (R) – One billion is equal to 100 crore a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false. d) A is false but R is true.	1
	Part B	3×2=6
7.	A player starts with 20 points. He passes through four gates marked- Find his score after passing through each gate. $20 \xrightarrow{\times 2} \square \xrightarrow{-15} \square \xrightarrow{+10} \square \xrightarrow{\div 5} \square$	2

8.	Write expressions for 56,354 in two different ways to obtain the number by button clicks.	2
9.	Write the place values of all the digits in 84,691.	2
Part C		3×3=9
10.	a) Write the four nearest neighbours of 3,25,49,620. b) Write the number name for 3,25,49,620 in Indian system.	3
11.	Pinto supplies 3.79L, 4.2L and 4.25L of milk to a milk dairy in the first three days. In 6 days, he supplies 25L of milk. Find the total quantity of milk supplied to the dairy in the last three days.	3
12.	Evaluate the following a) Given $53 \times 18 = 954$. Find out 63×18 . b) Use Distributive method and solve 95×8	3
Part D		1×5=5
13.	a) A shop sells pens at Rs.15 each and notebooks at Rs.60 each.. If 3 notebooks and 2 pens are purchased and Rs.500 is paid write an expression step wise for the change received and value it. b) Write the terms of the expression $27 + 6 \times 4 - 13$	5
Part E		
14.	<u>Case study:</u>  Raghu bought 100 kg of rice and packed it in 2 kg packets. He already had 4 packets from before. He wrote the expression $4 + 100 \div 2$ to calculate the total number of 2 kg packets. 1) What is the total number of packets Raghu has now? 2) If Raghu packs rice in 5 kg packets instead, how many new packets will he get from 100 kg? 3) Which property allows evaluation of $100 \div 2$ before adding 4?	4 1 2 1



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, K K ROAD, BENGALURU.
Periodic Test - 1 (2026-27)
Subject- Science

Grade: VII

Date: 17.7.2026

No. of printed sides: 4

Max Marks: 30

Reading Time: 10 Mins.

Writing Time: 1 Hour

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
(ii) Section A- All question numbers 1 to 4 comprise MCQ and the Assertion – Reason type question, short question, carrying 3-marks and one 5-marker question from biology.
(iii) Section B- All question numbers 5 to 8 comprise MCQ and the Assertion – Reason type questions, short question, carrying 3-marks and one 5-marker question from chemistry.
(iv) Section C- All question numbers 9 to 12 comprise MCQ and the Assertion – Reason type questions, short question, carrying 3-marks and one 5-marker question from physics.

Q No	Questions	Marks
Section A		
	Choose the correct answer.	
1	The main aim of science is to: A. Understand the world through observation and experimentation B. Memorize facts only C. Win competitions only D. Avoid asking questions	1
	In the following question, a statement of Assertion is followed by a statement of Reasoning. Choose the correct answer from the following options. A. Both assertion and reason are correct statements, and reason is the correct explanation for assertion. B. Both assertion and reason are correct statements but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion. C. Assertion is correct but reason is the wrong statement. D. Assertion is wrong but reason is the correct statement.	
2	Assertion (A): Asking questions is an important scientific habit. Reason (R): Questions help identify problems and encourage investigation.	1
3	Identify the types of changes given below: (a) Melting of ice (b) Burning of paper (c) Curdling of milk (d) Inflating a balloon (e) Rusting of iron (f) Melting candle wax	3
4	A student notices that a plant kept near a window grows better than a plant kept in a dark room.	5

- (a) What scientific skill did the student use first?
 (b) What question could the student ask based on this observation?
 (c) Suggest one hypothesis.
 (d) Mention one experiment to test the hypothesis.
 (e) Why should the experiment be repeated?

Section B

5 The valency of an element is 3. Which of the following elements most likely has this valency?

- A. Sodium (Na)
 B. Magnesium (Mg)
 C. Aluminium (Al)
 D. Oxygen (O)

1

In the following question, a statement of Assertion is followed by a statement of Reasoning. Choose the correct answer from the following options.

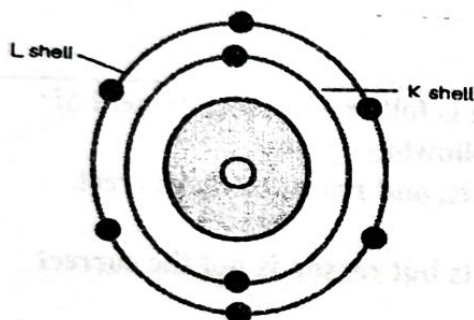
- A. Both assertion and reason are correct statements, and reason is the correct explanation for assertion.
 B. Both assertion and reason are correct statements but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion.
 C. Assertion is correct but reason is the wrong statement.
 D. Assertion is wrong but reason is the correct statement.

6 Assertion (A): Carbon dioxide (CO_2) is a homo-atomic molecule.
 Reason (R): Carbon dioxide contains atoms of carbon and oxygen.

1

7 (a) Refer to the structure of the atom shown below and answer the questions that follow.

3

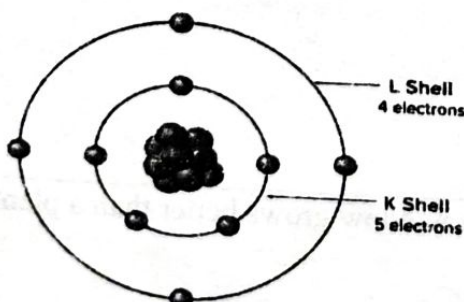


- (i) What is the total number of electrons?
 (ii) What is the atomic number?
 (iii) How many valence electrons does the atom have?
 (iv) Name the element.

(b) Calculate the number of neutrons in an atom having:
 Atomic number = 20; Mass number = 40

8 (a) A student drew the structure of an atom as shown below.

5



(i) Is the diagram correctly drawn? Give a reason for your answer.

(ii) Draw the correct structure of the atom.

(b) What is valency?

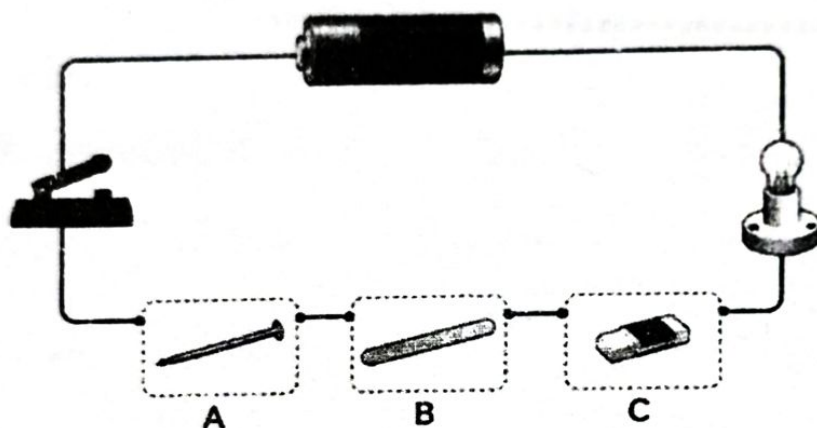
(c) Study the table given below and fill in the blanks with the correct information.

Symbol	Atomic Number	Mass Number	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons
$^{12}_6\text{C}$	6	12	6	i	6
$^{27}_{13}\text{Al}$	13	27	ii	14	13
$^{35}_{17}\text{Cl}$	17	35	17	iii	17
$^{40}_{20}\text{Ca}$	20	40	20	20	iv

Section C

9

Riya assembled an electric circuit using a cell, a bulb, a switch, and three different materials labelled A, B, and C. She placed each material, one at a time, in the gap of the circuit and closed the switch. The bulb glowed only when material A was used. Based on this observation, which conclusion is most appropriate?



- A. All the materials can be used to complete an electric circuit.
- B. Material A is a good conductor of electricity, while materials B and C are insulators.
- C. Materials B and C conduct electricity better than material A.
- D. All three materials conduct electricity, but material A allows the bulb to glow more brightly.

In the following question a statement of Assertion is followed by a statement of Reasoning. Choose the correct answer from the following options.

- A. Both assertion and reason are correct statements, and reason is the correct explanation for assertion.
- B. Both assertion and reason are correct statements but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion.
- C. Assertion is correct but reason is the wrong statement.
- D. Assertion is wrong but reason is the correct statement.

10

Assertion (A): An electric bulb glows only when the electric circuit is complete.
Reason (R): Electric current can flow only through a closed circuit.

11	During a power outage, Aarav tries to light a bulb by making a simple electric circuit using a cell, connecting wires, a switch, and a bulb. After assembling the circuit, he closes the switch, but the bulb does not glow. Thinking the bulb might be faulty, he replaces it with a new one. However, the new bulb also fails to glow. (a) Identify one possible reason why the bulb does not glow even after replacing it. What should Aarav examine next to find the fault in the circuit? (b) Explain why a bulb glows only when the electric circuit is complete.	3
12	(a) Draw a circuit diagram using standard symbols to show: One electric cell One bulb One closed switch Connecting wires (b) Rahul notices that the incandescent bulb in his room becomes very hot after being switched on for a few minutes, while the LED bulb in another room remains much cooler. i) Why does the incandescent bulb become very hot? ii) Name the metal used as the filament in an incandescent bulb. iii) Which bulb is more energy-efficient and why?	5



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, K.K.ROAD, BENGALURU

Periodic Test-I (2026-2027)

Subject: Social Science

Grade: 7

Date: 16 /7/2026

No of printed sides: 2

Max Marks: 30

Reading Time: 10 mins

Writing Time: 1hr

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

All questions are compulsory.

SECTION - A		
1	The first coins in India were made of gold and had kings faces printed on them. State True or False	1M
2	Iron technology influenced agriculture and warfare in early Indian history. Explain.	2M
3	What responsibilities did a raja have in a Mahajanapada. The Varna-Jati system shaped ancient Indian society. Justify the statement.	2M 3M
SECTION -B		
4	Read the following statement and choose the correct option. Statement-1 – The Government is responsible for maintaining law and order. Statement-2 – The Government has no role in delivering essential services. Choose the correct option 1. Both statements are true 2. Both statements are false 3. Statement 1 is true, statement 2 is false 4. Statement 1 is false , statement 2 is true.	1M
5	“Democracy” is best understood as rule of the people. What does this statement mean?	1M
6	List out any four fundamental principles of Democracy.	2M
7	The Government plays an important role in our lives. What are their roles.	3M
SECTION -C		
8	How were the Himalayas formed? a. By volcanic eruptions b. By melting glaciers c. By India colliding with Eurasia d. By the drying up of the sea	1M
9	Name any two rivers that enrich the Gangetic plains.	2M

10	The Himalayas are also important to many cultures and belief system. Analyse. List and describe the three main ranges of the Himalayas.	2M 3M
SECTION- D		
11	Fill in the blanks Money has replaced traditional Barter systems all around the world, there are some that still exist today. One of them is the _____ mela.	1
12	People had to find someone who wanted exactly what they had and could offer exactly what they needed. What is the situation known as and give two example to prove the statement.	3M
13	a. What is Barter System? b. What were the earlier forms of exchange?	1M 2M